

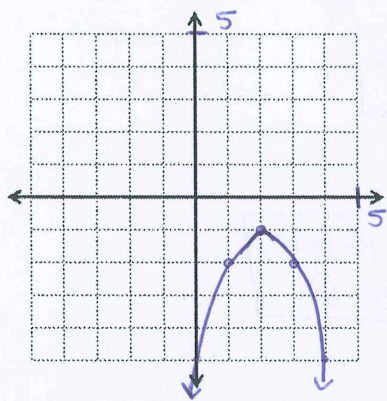
1. A(n) QUADRATIC function is a second-degree polynomial function, and its graph is called a(n) PARABOLA.

2. Is the quadratic function $f(x) = (x - 2)^2 + 3$ written in standard form? If so, identify the vertex of the graph of f . YES, THE VERTEX IS (2,3).

3. Does the graph of the quadratic function $f(x) = -3x^2 + 5x + 2$ have a relative minimum value at its vertex? How can you tell? NO, A RELATIVE MAXIMUM.
LEADING COEFFICIENT IS -3

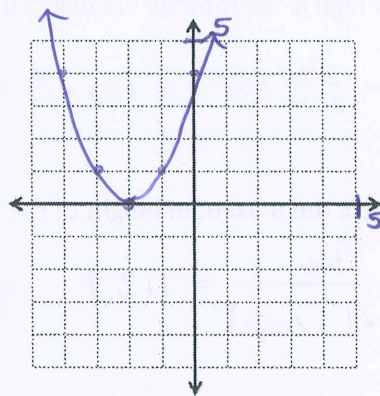
Find the vertex of the following functions, then SKETCH a GRAPH.

4. $f(x) = -(x - 2)^2 - 1$



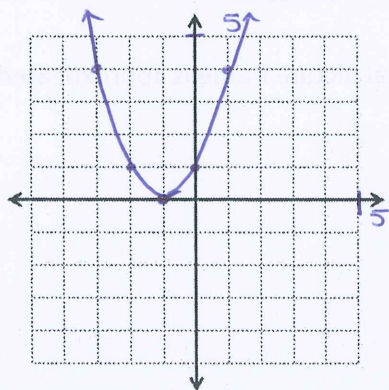
VERTEX
(2, -1)

5. $f(x) = (x + 2)^2$



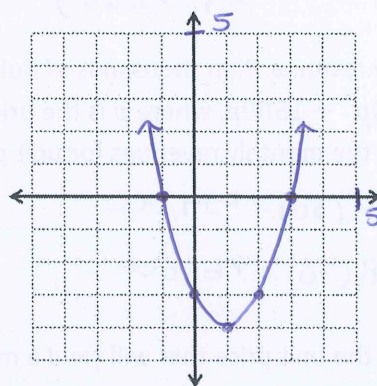
VERTEX
(-2, 0)

6. $h(x) = x^2 + 2x + 1 = (x + 1)^2$



VERTEX
(-1, 0)

7. $h(x) = x^2 - 2x - 3 = (x + 1)(x - 3)$



VERTEX
(1, -4)

Describe the graph of the quadratic function by identifying the vertex and x-intercept(s).

8. $f(x) = -(x^2 + x - 30)$

$$= -(x+6)(x-5)$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm 5}{2} = \frac{-1}{2}$$

X-INTERCEPTS

$$(6, 0) \quad (5, 0)$$

VERTEX

$$(-0.5, 30.25)$$

Write the standard form of the quadratic function passing through the given point with the indicated vertex.

9. Vertex: (4, 1); Point: (6, -7)

$$y = a(x-h)^2 + k$$

$$-7 = a(6-4)^2 + 1$$

$$-7 = 4a + 1$$

$$a = -2$$

$$y = -2(x-4)^2 + 1$$

10. The height y (in feet) of a punted football is approximated by $y = -\frac{16}{2025}x^2 + \frac{9}{5}x + \frac{3}{2}$ where x is the horizontal distance (in feet) from where the football is punted.

a. How high is the football when it is punted? (Hint: Find y when $x = 0$.)

$$y = \frac{-16}{2025}(0)^2 + \frac{9}{5}(0) + \frac{3}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$$

1.5 ft ABOVE THE GROUND

b. What is the maximum height of the football?

$$x = \frac{-\frac{9}{5}}{2(-\frac{16}{2025})} = 113.9 \quad y = 104.01$$

MAX HEIGHT is 104 ft

c. How far from the punter does the football strike the ground? (Hint: Use the quadratic formula.)

$$x = \frac{-\frac{9}{5} \pm \sqrt{\frac{81}{25} - 4(-\frac{16}{2025})(\frac{3}{2})}}{2(-\frac{16}{2025})} = \frac{228.64}{-0.83}$$

229 FT AWAY

11. The monthly revenue R (in thousands of dollars) from the sales of a digital picture frame is approximated by $R(p) = -10p^2 + 1580p$, where p is the price per unit (in dollars).

a. Find the monthly revenues for unit prices of \$50, \$70, and \$90.

$$R(50) = \$54,000$$

$$R(90) = \$61,200$$

$$R(70) = \$61,600$$

b. Find the unit price that will yield a maximum monthly revenue.

$$x = \frac{-1580}{2(-10)} = \$79/\text{UNIT}$$

c. What is the maximum monthly revenue?

$$R(79) = \$62,410$$